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SAFETY NOTICE

This safety notice summarizes information basic to the safe use of the rotor described in this manual. The international symbol displayed above is a reminder to the user that all safety instructions should be read and understood before operation or maintenance of this equipment is attempted. When you see the symbol on other pages throughout this publication, pay special attention to the specific safety information presented. Observance of safety precautions will also help to avoid actions that could damage or adversely affect the performance of the rotor. This rotor was developed, manufactured, and tested for safety and reliability as part of a Beckman Coulter centrifuge/rotor system. Its safety or reliability cannot be assured if used in a centrifuge not of Beckman Coulter's manufacture or in a Beckman Coulter centrifuge that has been modified without Beckman Coulter's approval.

Handle body fluids with care because they can transmit disease. No known test offers complete assurance that such fluids are free of micro-organisms. Some of the most virulent—Hepatitis (B and C) viruses, HIV (I–V), atypical mycobacteria, and certain systemic fungi — further emphasize the need for aerosol protection. Handle other infectious samples according to good laboratory procedures and methods to prevent spread of disease. Because spills may generate aerosols, observe proper safety precautions for aerosol containment. Do not run toxic, pathogenic, or radioactive materials in this rotor without taking appropriate safety precautions. Biosafe containment should be used when Risk Group II materials (as identified in the World Health Organization *Laboratory Biosafety Manual*) are handled; materials of a higher group require more than one level of protection.

The rotor and accessories are not designed for use with materials capable of developing flammable or explosive vapors. Do not centrifuge such materials in nor handle or store them near the centrifuge.

Although rotor components and accessories made by other manufacturers may fit in the JA-10 rotor, their safety in this rotor cannot be ascertained by Beckman Coulter. Use of other manufacturers' components or accessories in the JA-10 rotor may void the rotor warranty and should be prohibited by your laboratory safety officer. Only the components and accessories listed in this publication should be used in this rotor.



Do not run an empty rotor. Place filled tubes in at least two opposing cavities. Make sure that filled containers are loaded symmetrically into the rotor and that opposing tubes are filled to the same level with liquid of the same density.



If disassembly reveals evidence of leakage, you should assume that some fluid escaped the rotor. Apply appropriate decontamination procedures to the centrifuge and accessories.

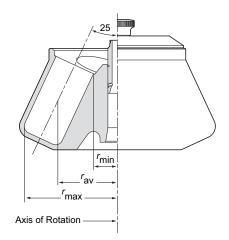


Never exceed the maximum rated speed of the rotor and labware in use. Refer to the section on RUN SPEEDS.



Do not use sharp tools on the rotor that could cause scratches in the rotor surface. Corrosion begins in scratches and may open fissures in the rotor with continued use.

JA-10 FIXED ANGLE ROTOR



SPECIFICATIONS

| Maximum speed 10 000 rpm Critical speed range* 600 to 800 rpm Maximum solution density 1.2 g/mL Maximum allowable imbalance of opposing loads 10 grams Relative Centrifugal Field [†] at maximum speed |
|---|
| At r_{max} (158 mm) 17 700 × g |
| At r_{av} (98 mm) 11 000 × g At r_{min} (38 mm) 4 260 × g |
| k factor at maximum speed |
| Number of bottle cavities |
| Available bottles and tubes see Table 1 |
| Nominal dimensions of largest bottle |
| Nominal bottle capacity 500 mL |
| Nominal rotor capacity |
| Approximate acceleration time to maximum speed |
| (rotor fully loaded) 4 1/2 min |
| Approximate deceleration time from maximum speed |
| (rotor fully loaded, max. brake) |
| Weight of fully loaded rotor 22 kg (48 lb) |
| Rotor material aluminum |
| Conditions requiring speed reduction see RUN SPEEDS |
| Rotor entry code for Avanti J-E and microprocessor- |
| controlled J2 and J6 centrifuges 10 |

^{*} The critical speed range is the range of speeds over which the rotor shifts so as to rotate about its center of mass. Passing through the critical speed range is characterized by some vibration.

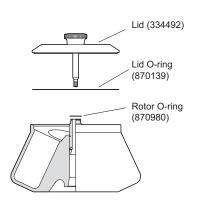
$$RCF = \frac{r\omega^2}{g}$$

where r is the radius in millimeters, ω is the angular velocity in radians per second (2 π RPM /60), and g is the standard acceleration of gravity (9807 mm/s²). After substitution:

$$\text{RCF} = 1.12 \, r \, \left(\frac{\text{RPM}}{1000}\right)^2$$

[†] Relative Centrifugal Field (RCF) is the ratio of the centrifugal acceleration at a specified radius and speed $(r\omega^2)$ to the standard acceleration of gravity (g) according to the following formula:

DESCRIPTION



This rotor has been manufactured in a registered ISO 9001 or 13485 facility for use with the specified Beckman Coulter centrifuges.

The JA-10 fixed angle rotor, rated for 10 000 rpm, is designed to centrifuge up to six 500-mL containers at a 25-degree angle to the axis of rotation. Used in Beckman Coulter J2, J6, and Avanti J series centrifuges,¹ the rotor develops centrifugal forces that can efficiently pellet bacterial cells from large volumes, or particles from tissue homogenates. Up to 3 liters of sample and gradient can be centrifuged per run.

The rotor body and lid are made of aluminum and are anodized for corrosion resistance—the rotor is black and the lid is blue. The lid knob secures the rotor to the drive hub.

O-rings made of Buna N rubber in the lid and rotor body maintain atmospheric pressure inside the rotor during centrifugation, if they are properly lubricated. Pins in the rotor drive hole mate with grooves in the centrifuge drive hub (older model centrifuges), or with drive hub teeth (new model centrifuges), to prevent the rotor from slipping during acceleration and deceleration.

Starting in 2002, JA-10 rotors are manufactured with magnets embedded in the rotor base for rotor identification in the Avanti J-E centrifuge. Older JA-10 rotors without magnets can be used in the Avanti J-E, but the rotor speed will be limited to 6300 rpm. (Other Avanti J series and J2 series centrifuges use alternate methods of rotor identification that enable the rotor to run up to 10 000 rpm.)

The JA-10 rotor is warranted for 7 years (see the Warranty).

PREPARATION AND USE

Specific information about the JA-10 rotor is given here. Use the J Series Rotors and Tubes manual (JR-IM) along with this rotor manual for complete rotor and accessory operation.

¹ Newer JA-10 rotors with magnets, p/n 369687, cannot be used in J2 or J6 series centrifuges. Older JA-10 rotors without magnets, p/n 334833, can be used in J2 and J6 series centrifuges.

Although rotor components and accessories made by other manufacturers may fit in the JA-10 rotor, their safety in this rotor cannot be ascertained by Beckman Coulter. Use of other manufacturers' components or accessories in this rotor may void the rotor warranty and should be prohibited by your laboratory safety officer. Only the components and accessories listed in this publication should be used in this rotor.

PRERUN SAFETY CHECKS



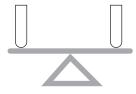
Read the Safety Notice page at the front of this manual before using the rotor.

- 1. Make sure that the rotor and lid are clean and show no signs of corrosion or cracking.
- 2. Check the chemical compatibilities of all materials used (refer to Appendix A in *Rotors and Tubes*).
- 3. Verify that the tubes and bottles being used are listed in Table 1.

ROTOR PREPARATION

For runs at other than room temperature, refrigerate or warm the rotor beforehand for fast temperature equilibration.

- 1. Apply a thin film of silicone vacuum grease (335148) to the O-rings.
- 2. Load the filled containers symmetrically into the rotor. (Refer to TUBES AND BOTTLES on page 7 for information about containers.) If fewer than six tubes are being run, they must be arranged symmetrically in the rotor (see Figure 1). Opposing tubes must be filled to the same level with liquid of the same density (within 10 grams).



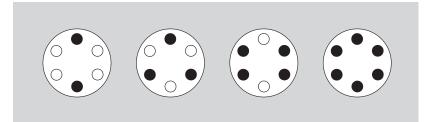


Figure 1. Arranging Tubes or Bottles in the Rotor. Two, three, four, or six tubes or bottles can be run, if they are arranged symmetrically in the rotor, as shown.

TUBES AND BOTTLES

The JA-10 rotor uses the tubes and bottles listed in Table 1. Use only those items listed, and observe the maximum speed limits and fill volumes shown. (Maximum fill volume is the maximum amount that can be centrifuged in the container listed.) Refer to Appendix A in *Rotors and Tubes* for chemical compatibilities of tube, bottle, and accessory materials.

Temperature Limits

- Plastic containers have been centrifuge tested for use at temperatures between 2 and 25°C. For centrifugation at other temperatures, pretest tubes under anticipated run conditions.
- If plastic containers are frozen before use, make sure that they are thawed to at least 2°C prior to centrifugation.

Thickwall Tubes

Thickwall polypropylene and polycarbonate tubes can be run partially filled (at least half filled) with or without caps, but all opposing tubes for a run must be filled to the same level with liquid of the same density. Do not overfill capless tubes; be sure to note the fill volumes and run speeds shown in Table 1.





| Tube | | | | Required Acce | Max | | |
|--------------------------|--|----------------|--------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Dimensions and Volume | Description | Part Number | Max Fill Volª (mL) | Description | Part Number | No. Tubes per Adapter | Max Speed ^b / RCF |
| 69 × 160 mm 500 mL | polycarbonate bottle w/cap assy | 355605 | 465 | none | _ | — | 10 000 rpm 17 700 × <i>g</i> |
| 69 × 160 mm 500 mL | polypropylene bottle w/cap assy | 355607 | 445 | none | — | — | 8 000 rpm 11 300 × <i>g</i> |
| 62 × 120 mm 250 mL | polypropylene wide mouth bottle w/cap assy | 356011 | 250 | adapter, PET∘ | 362750 | 1 | 10 000 rpm 17 700 × <i>g</i> |
| 62 × 120 mm 250 mL | polycarbonate wide mouth bottle w/cap assy | 356013 | 250 | adapter, PET∘ | 362750 | 1 | 10 000 rpm 17 700 × <i>g</i> |
| 29 × 104 mm 50 mL | polycarbonate bottle assy w/liquid-tight cap assy | 357000 | 45 | adapter, polypropylene | 356996 | 1 | 10 000 rpm 12 000 × g |
| 29 × 104 mm 50 mL | polypropylene bottle assy w/liquid-tight cap assy | 357001 | 45 | adapter, polypropylene | 356996 | 1 | 10 000 rpm 12 000 × <i>g</i> |
| 29 × 104 mm 50 mL | polycarbonate bottle w/screw cap | 357002 | 40 | adapter, polypropylene | 356996 | 1 | 10 000 rpm 12 000 × <i>g</i> |
| 29 × 104 mm 50 mL | polypropylene bottle w/screw cap | 357003 | 40 | adapter, polypropylene | 356996 | 1 | 10 000 rpm 12 000 × <i>g</i> |
| 29 × 104 mm 50 mL | polypropylene thickwall tube | 357005 | 36.5 | adapter, polypropylene | 356996 | 1 | 10 000 rpm 12 000 × <i>g</i> |
| | w/snap-on cap | | | natural 29-mm cap red 29-mm cap green 29-mm cap yellow 29-mm cap blue 29-mm cap | 356264 ^d 357359 ^d 357360 ^d 357361 ^d 357362 ^d | | |

| Table 1. Available Tubes and Bottles for the JA-10 Fixed Angle Rotor. |
|---|
| Use only the items listed here and observe fill volumes and maximum run speeds. |

^a Above 20°C fill polypropylene tubes at least half full.

— Continued

^b Maximum speeds listed are guidelines only. These speeds have been achieved in reliability tests at Beckman Coulter, but, because of manufacturing variances, no guarantee of performance or fit is expressed or implied.

^c Polyethylene teraphthalate.

^d Polypropylene; package of 25.

^e Delrin is a registered trademark of E.I. Du Pont de Nemours & Company.

f Commercially available. Observe manufacturer's speed and fill volume guidelines.

| Tube | | | | Required Accessory | | Max No. | |
|---------------------------------|--|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Dimensions and Volume | Description | Part Number | Max Fill Volª (mL) | Description | Part Number | Tubes per Adapter | Max Speed ^b / RCF |
| 29 × 104 mm 50 mL | polypropylene thickwall tube, no cap | 357007 | 50 | adapter, polypropylene | 356996 | 1 | 10 000 rpm 12 000 × <i>g</i> |
| 29 × 104 mm 50 mL | polycarbonate open-top tube | 363647 | 40 | adapter, polypropylene | 356996 | 1 | 10 000 rpm 12 000 × <i>g</i> |
| 29 × 104 mm 50 mL | polycarbonate tube w/snap- on cap | 363664 | 40 | adapter, polypropylene | 356996 | 1 | 10 000 rpm 12 000 × <i>g</i> |
| 29 × 115 mm 50 mL | conical tube | f | f | adapter, polypropylene | 356965 | 1 | 10 000 rpm 12 000 × <i>g</i> |
| 17 × 120 mm 15 mL | conical tube | f | f | adapter, polypropylene | 356960 | 5 | 6 500 rpm 7 000 × <i>g</i> |
| 17 × 120 mm 15 mL | round-bottom tube | f | f | adapter, polypropylene | 356994 | 5 | 10 000 rpm 12 000 × <i>g</i> |
| 13 × 100 mm 7 mL | round-bottom tube | f | f | adapter, Delrinº | 356973 | | 10 000 12 000 × <i>g</i> |
| 12 × 75 mm 4 mL | round-bottom tube | f | f | adapter, Delrin ^e | 356967 | | 10 000 12 000 × <i>g</i> |
| Bio-Vials 14 × 55 mm 4 mL | polypropylene, capped | 566353 | 4 | adapter, Delrin ^e | 342098 | 9 | 10 000 rpm |
| | | | | adapter, PETº | 362750 | 1 | |

Table 1. Available Tubes and Bottles for the JA-10 Fixed Angle Rotor (continued)

^a Above 20°C fill polypropylene tubes at least half full.

^b Maximum speeds listed are guidelines only. These speeds have been achieved in reliability tests at Beckman Coulter, but, because of manufacturing variances, no guarantee of performance or fit is expressed or implied.

^c Polyethylene teraphthalate.

^d Polypropylene; package of 25.

e Delrin is a registered trademark of E.I. Du Pont de Nemours & Company.

f Commercially available. Observe manufacturer's speed and fill volume guidelines.



Polycarbonate and Polypropylene Bottles

Capped polycarbonate and polypropylene bottles may be run completely filled, or partially filled (not less than half full). All opposing containers for a run must be filled to the same level.

OPERATION

ROTOR ID



- Precool the rotor in the centrifuge or in a refrigerator before use especially before short runs—to ensure that the rotor reaches the set temperature. A suggested precooling cycle is a minimum of 30 minutes at 2000 rpm at the required temperature.
- If fluid containment is required, *use capped tubes or bottles*. It is strongly recommended that all containers carrying physiological fluids be capped to prevent leakage.
- *J2 and J6 series centrifuges only*. Apply a thin film of Spinkote[™] lubricant (306812) to the centrifuge drive hub and to the metal threads on the lid knob.
- If you are using an Avanti J series centrifuge (except Avanti J-E), select the JA-10 rotor.
- If you are using an Avanti J-E or a microprocessor-controlled J2 or J6 series centrifuge, enter rotor code 10.

INSTALLING THE ROTOR

Lubricate J2 and J6 series centrifuge drive hubs with a thin, even coat of Spinkote (396812) to prevent the rotor from sticking. Avanti J series centrifuge hubs have Delrin² rings to prevent rotor sticking, and do not require lubrication.

Two metal pins inside the rotor drive hole engage with teeth on the centrifuge drive spindle hub to prevent the rotor from slipping during acceleration and deceleration (see Figure 2). When the rotor is properly installed, the pins sit either in the drive hub grooves or on top of the hub surface (see Figure 3).

The rotor pins are positioned parallel to the BECKMAN name engraved at the center of the rotor body (see Figure 4). Knowing the pin orientation before you install the rotor will help to ensure that you position the rotor properly on the hub, minimizing the chance of hub damage. Follow the steps below.

1. Turn the rotor until the BECKMAN name is either horizontal or perpendicular to the drive hub pins or teeth (see Figure 4). Alternately, rotate the drive spindle to align the hub pins or teeth with the rotor drive pins.

² Delrin is a registered trademark of E.I. Du Pont de Nemours & Company.

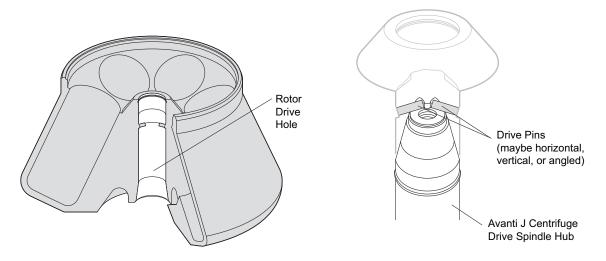


Figure 2. Rotor Drive Pin Location and Orientation

- 2. Carefully lower the rotor straight down onto the centrifuge drive spindle hub. *Do not drop the rotor onto the hub*.
- 3. Slowly turn the rotor, making sure that it is properly seated on the drive spindle hub. (In rare cases, the rotor pins can rest on top of the hub pins or teeth and not seat on the hub surface. This can prevent the rotor from being secured to the drive spindle. Turning the rotor slightly after installing it will move the pins into proper position.)

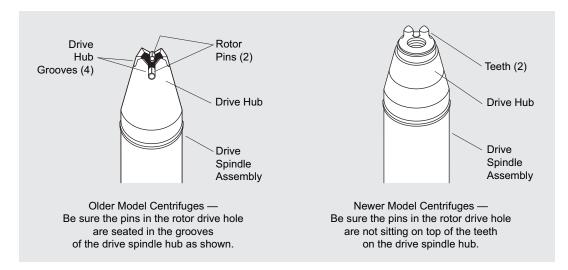


Figure 3. Centrifuge Drive Spindle Hub Configurations

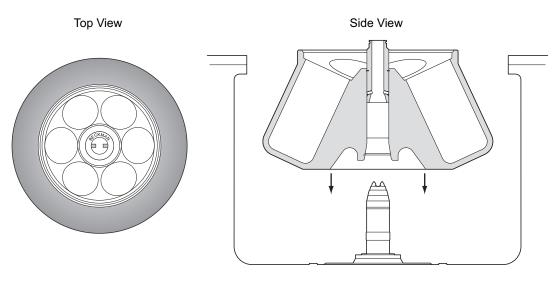
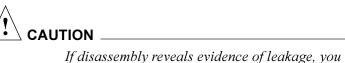


Figure 4. Installing the Rotor

4. To secure the rotor to the drive spindle, place the lid on the rotor and turn the lid knob to the right (clockwise) until secure. Do not overtighten.

REMOVAL AND SAMPLE RECOVERY



If disassembly reveals evidence of leakage, you should assume that some fluid escaped the rotor. Apply appropriate decontamination procedures to the centrifuge and accessories.

- 1. Unscrew the rotor lid to release the rotor from the spindle hub.
- 2. Remove the rotor by lifting it straight up and off the drive spindle. If the rotor sticks to the drive spindle hub, use the rotor removal tool (334827) to release the rotor as follows.
 - a. Screw the threaded end of the rotor removal tool into the rotor drive hole.
 - b. When the removal tool contacts the drive spindle hub, continue turning the removal tool until the rotor releases.
 - c. Unscrew and remove the removal tool from the rotor. The rotor should now lift easily off of the drive spindle hub.

TEMPERATURE

TEMP °C

To ensure that the JA-10 rotor reaches the required temperature during the run, follow the appropriate instructions below for the model of J centrifuge being used.

Avanti J Series Centrifuges

Enter the run temperature according to the instructions in your centrifuge instruction manual. No additional input is required.

Microprocessor-Controlled J2 and J6 Series Centrifuges (Models J2-MI, J6-MI, J2-MC, and J6-MC)

Enter rotor code 10, then follow the steps below.

- 1. Press the [TEMP] key on the centrifuge control panel and then use the keypad to enter the sample temperature.
- 2. Find the compensation value in Table 2 that corresponds with the set temperature and run speed. The compensation values listed in Table 2 are approximates for all centrifuge models. If precise temperature control is required, determine the compensation settings empirically as follows:
 - a. Fill the rotor with water-filled tubes or bottles. Precool the rotor and water to the required temperature.
 - b. Place the filled, precooled rotor in the centrifuge and run the system for at least 1/2 hour.
 - c. Measure the water temperature. If it is lower than the required run temperature, enter positive compensation units during run setup following steps 3 and 4 below. If it is higher than the required run temperature, enter negative compensation units during run setup, also using steps 3 and 4, below.
 - d. Discard the water. Fill tubes with sample, load tubes into the rotor, and precool the system to the required temperature before starting the run.
- 3. Press [COMP ADJ]. The word "COMP" flashes below the TEMPERATURE display and the display flashes.

- 4. Use the keypad to enter the desired compensation value. Press the [±.] key to enter a minus sign; pressing it again will remove the minus sign.
- 5. Check the temperature display. (If the entry is incorrect, press [CE] and reenter the digits.)
- 6. When the entry is correct, press [ENTER/RECALL].

To clear a COMP ADJ entry, press [COMP ADJ], [0], and [ENTER/RECALL].

Analog J2 Series Centrifuges

Enter the required run temperature and the appropriate temperature compensation units (see Table 2) on the centrifuge control panel as follows.

- 1. Turn the SET knob to the required sample temperature.
- Find the compensation value that corresponds to the required temperature and run speed. The compensation values listed in Table 2 are approximate for all centrifuge models. If precise temperature control is required, follow the steps in Microprocessor-Controlled J2 and J6 Series Centrifuges, above.

| Table 2. Temperature Compensation Settings |
|--|
| for J2 and J6 Series Centrifuges. |
| Interpolate if intermediate values are required. |

| Rotor Speed | Required Sample Temperature (°C, green bar) | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| (rpm) | –20° | –10° | 2° | 5° | 10° | 20° | 40° |
| 10 000 8 000 5 000 | N* -3 -2 | -3 -2 0 | -2 -1† 0 | -1 -1† 0 | 0 0 0 | +1 +1 +1 | +2 +2 +2 |

* "N" indicates that the rotor cannot achieve the required temperature at this speed.

[†] For the J2-HC centrifuge, use a setting of 0 instead of -1.



сомр

RUN TIMES

The k factor of the rotor is a measure of the rotor's pelleting efficiency. Beckman Coulter has calculated the k factors for all of its rotors, at maximum speed with full tubes, using the following formula:

$$k = \frac{\ln(r_{\max}/r_{\min})}{\omega^2} \times \frac{10^{13}}{3600}$$
(1)

where ω is the angular velocity of the rotor in radians per second ($\omega = 0.105 \times \text{rpm}$), r_{max} is the maximum radius, and r_{min} is the minimum radius.

After substitution:

$$k = \frac{(2.533 \times 10^{11})\ln(r_{\text{max}}/r_{\text{min}})}{\text{rpm}^2}$$
(2)

In the JA-10 rotor, the *k* factor is 3610 for full 500-mL bottles at maximum speed.³ For containers that nominally hold less than 500 mL, the *k* factors will be different. Calculate the *k* factors for these containers using equation (2).

Use the k factor in the following equation to estimate the run time t (in hours) required to pellet particles of known sedimentation coefficient s (in Svedberg units, S).

$$t = \frac{k}{s} \tag{3}$$

For example, at 10 000 rpm E. coli (s = 3600 S) will pellet in

$$t = \frac{3610}{3600} \approx 1 \text{ hour}$$
 (4)

Run times can be estimated for centrifugation at less than maximum speed by adjusting the k factor as follows:

$$k_{\rm adj} = k_{\rm rated} \left(\frac{10\ 000}{\rm actual\ run\ speed}\right)^2$$
 (5)

³ Based on sedimentation in water at 20°C.

Run times can also be estimated from data established in prior experiments using a different rotor if the k factor of the previous rotor is known. For any two rotors, a and b,

$$\frac{t_{a}}{t_{b}} = \frac{k_{a}}{k_{b}} \tag{6}$$

where the *k* factors have been adjusted for the actual run speed used.

For more information on k factors, see Use of k Factor for Estimating Run Times from Previously Established Run Conditions (publication DS-719).

RUN SPEEDS

SPEED RPM/RCF

The centrifugal force at a given radius in a rotor is a function of speed. Comparisons of forces between different rotors are made by comparing the rotors' relative centrifugal fields (RCF). When rotational speed is adjusted so that identical samples are subjected to the same rcf in two different rotors, the samples are subjected to the same force. The RCF at a number of rotor speeds is provided in Table 3.

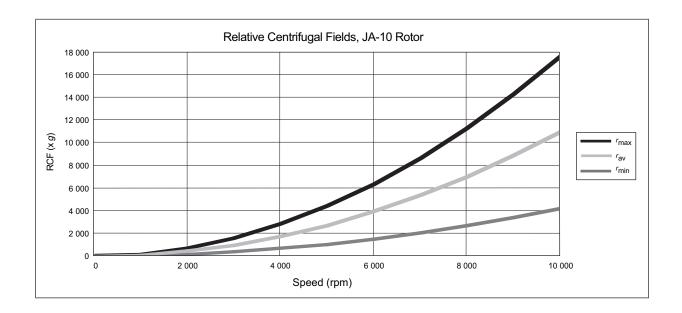
Do not select rotational speeds higher than the maximums you have determined to be appropriate for your protocols (in no case above 10 000 rpm or the limit shown in Table 1). In addition, when centrifuging solutions more dense than 1.2 g/mL in this rotor, calculate the reduced maximum allowable rotor speed:

reduced maximum speed = (10 000 rpm)
$$\sqrt{\frac{1.2 \text{ g/mL}}{\text{density of tube contents}}}$$
 (7)

Note, however, that the use of this formula may still produce maximum speeds higher than the limitations imposed by the use of certain tubes or adapters (see Table 1). In such cases, use the lower of the two figures.

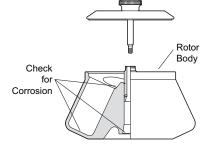
| | Relative Centrifugal Field ($\times g$) | | | | | | |
|--------|---|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Rotor | | | | | | | |
| Speed | At r _{max} | At r _{av} | At r _{min} | | | | |
| (rpm) | (158 mm) | (98 mm) | (38 mm) | | | | |
| 10 000 | 17 700 | 11 000 | 4 260 | | | | |
| 9 500 | 16 000 | 9 910 | 3 840 | | | | |
| 9 000 | 14 300 | 8 890 | 3 450 | | | | |
| 8 500 | 12 800 | 7 930 | 3 070 | | | | |
| 8 000 | 11 300 | 7 020 | 2 720 | | | | |
| 7 500 | 9 950 | 6 170 | 2 390 | | | | |
| 7 000 | 8 670 | 5 380 | 2 090 | | | | |
| 6 500 | 7 480 | 4 640 | 1 800 | | | | |
| 6 000 | 6 370 | 3 950 | 1 530 | | | | |
| 5 500 | 5 350 | 3 320 | 1 290 | | | | |
| 5 000 | 4 420 | 2 740 | 1 060 | | | | |
| 4 500 | 3 580 | 2 220 | 861 | | | | |
| 4 000 | 2 830 | 1 760 | 680 | | | | |
| 3 500 | 2 170 | 1 340 | 521 | | | | |
| 3 000 | 1 590 | 987 | 383 | | | | |
| 2 500 | 1 110 | 686 | 266 | | | | |
| 2 000 | 707 | 439 | 170 | | | | |
| 1 500 | 398 | 246 | 95 | | | | |
| 1 000 | 176 | 109 | 42 | | | | |

Table 3. Relative Centrifugal Fields for the JA-10 Rotor.Entries in this table are calculated from the formula $RCF = 1.12 r (RPM/1000)^2$ and then rounded to three significant digits.



CARE AND MAINTENANCE MAINTENANCE

Do not use sharp tools on the rotor that could cause scratches in the rotor surface. Corrosion begins in scratches and may open fissures in the rotor with continued use.



- Periodically (at least monthly) inspect the rotor, especially inside cavities, for rough spots or pitting, white powder deposits (frequently aluminum oxide), or heavy discoloration. If any of these signs are evident, do not run the rotor. Contact your Beckman Coulter representative for information about the Field Rotor Inspection Program and the rotor repair center.
- Before using the rotor, inspect the rotor drive pins to ensure that they are not damaged. Damaged drive pins can prevent the rotor from seating properly on the centrifuge drive hub (Avanti J series centrifuges only). To inspect the drive pins, turn the rotor upside down and look into the drive hole in the center of the rotor. If the drive pins appear damaged, contact Beckman Coulter Field Service.
- Regularly lubricate the metal threads in the rotor with a thin, even coat of Spinkote lubricant (306812). Failure to keep these threads lubricated can result in damaged threads.
- Regularly apply silicone vacuum grease (335148) to the lid O-ring (870139) and rotor O-ring (870980). Replace O-rings about twice a year or whenever worn or damaged.
- Routinely apply Spinkote lubricant (306812) to the centrifuge drive spindle to prevent the rotor from sticking (not required on Avanti J series centrifuges).

Refer to Appendix A in *Rotors and Tubes* for chemical compatibilities of rotor and accessory materials. Your Beckman Coulter representative provides contact with the Field Rotor Inspection Program and the rotor repair center.

CLEANING

Wash the rotor and rotor components immediately if salts or other corrosive materials are used or if spillage has occurred. Do not allow corrosive materials to dry on the rotor.

Under normal use, wash the rotor frequently (at least weekly) to prevent buildup of residues.

- 1. Remove the O-rings before washing.
- Wash the rotor and lid in a mild detergent, such as Beckman Solution 555[™] (339555), that won't damage the rotor. The Rotor Cleaning Kit (339558) contains two special plastic-coated brushes and two quarts of Solution 555 for use with rotors and accessories. Dilute the detergent 10 to 1 with water.

Do not wash rotor components in a dishwasher. Do not soak in detergent solution for long periods, such as overnight.

- 3. Thoroughly rinse the cleaned rotor and components with distilled water.
- 4. Air-dry the rotor and lid upside down. *Do not use acetone to dry the rotor*.
- 5. Apply a thin, even coat of silicone vacuum grease to the lid O-ring before replacing it in the groove in the outer rim of the lid. Also apply silicone vacuum grease to the rotor O-ring before reassembly.

Clean metal threads every 6 months, or as necessary. Use a brush and concentrated Solution 555. Rinse and dry thoroughly, then lubricate lightly but evenly with Spinkote to coat all threads.

Periodically remove the O-rings and wipe clean as necessary. Clean the O-ring grooves with a cotton-tipped swab. Reapply a light film of silicone vacuum grease.



DECONTAMINATION



If the rotor (and/or accessories) becomes contaminated with radioactive material, it should be decontaminated using a solution that will not damage the anodized surfaces. Beckman Coulter has tested a number of solutions and found two that do not harm anodized aluminum: RadCon Surface Spray or IsoClean Solution (for soaking),⁴ and Radiacwash.⁵

IsoClean can cause fading of colored anodized surfaces. Use it only when necessary and remove it promptly from surfaces.

While Beckman Coulter has tested these methods and found that they do not damage components, no guarantee of decontamination is expressed or implied. Consult your laboratory safety officer regarding the proper decontamination methods to use.

If the rotor or other components are contaminated with toxic or pathogenic materials, follow appropriate decontamination procedures as outlined by your laboratory safety officer.

STERILIZATION AND DISINFECTION

121°C

- The rotor and all rotor components can be autoclaved at 121°C for up to an hour. Remove the lid from the rotor and place the rotor and lid in the autoclave upside down.
- Ethanol (70%)⁶ may be used on all rotor components, including those made of plastic. Bleach (sodium hypochlorite) may be used, but may cause discoloration of anodized surfaces. Use the minimum immersion time for each solution, per laboratory standards.

⁴ In U.S., contact Nuclear Associates (New York); in Eastern Europe and Commonwealth States, contact Victoreen GmbH (Munich); in South Pacific, contact Gammasonics Pty. Ltd. (Australia); in Japan, contact Toyo Medic Co. Ltd. (Tokyo).

⁵ In U.S., contact Biodex Medical Systems (Shirley, New York); internationally, contact the U.S. office to find the dealer closest to you.

⁶ Flammability hazard. Do not use in or near operating centrifuges.

While Beckman Coulter has tested these methods and found that they do not damage the rotor or components, no guarantee of sterility or disinfection is expressed or implied. When sterilization or disinfection is a concern, consult your laboratory safety officer regarding proper methods to use.

Refer to publication IN-192, included in each box of tubes or bottles, for tube and bottle sterilization and disinfection procedures.

STORAGE

When the rotor is not in use, store it in a dry environment (not in the instrument) with the lid removed to allow air circulation so moisture will not collect in the tube cavities.

RETURNING A ROTOR

Before returning a rotor or accessory for any reason, prior permission (a Returned Goods Authorization form) must be obtained from Beckman Coulter, Inc. This RGA form may be obtained from your local Beckman Coulter sales office. It should contain the following information:

- serial number,
- history of use (approximate frequency of use),
- reason for the return,
- original purchase order number, billing number, and shipping number, if possible,
- name and phone number of the person to be notified upon receipt of the rotor or accessory at the factory, and
- name and phone number of the person to be notified about repair costs, etc.

To protect our personnel, it is the customer's responsibility to ensure that the parts are free from pathogens and/or radioactivity. Sterilization and decontamination must be done before returning the parts. Smaller items (such as tubes, bottles, etc.) should be enclosed in a sealed plastic bag.

All parts must be accompanied by a note, plainly visible on the outside of the box or bag, stating that they are safe to handle and that they are not contaminated with pathogens or radioactivity. **Failure to attach this notification will result in return or disposal of the items without review of the reported problem**.

Use the address label printed on the RGA form when mailing the rotor and/or accessories.

Customers located outside the United States should contact their local Beckman Coulter office.

SUPPLY LIST

Publications referenced in this manual can be obtained by calling Beckman Coulter at 1-800-742-2345 in the United States, or by contacting your local Beckman Coulter office.

Contact Beckman Coulter Sales (1-800-742-2345 in the United States) or your local Beckman Coulter office, or see the *Beckman Coulter High Performance, High Speed, High Capacity Rotors, Tubes, and Accessories* catalog (BR-8102, available at www.beckmancoulter.com) for detailed information on ordering parts and supplies. For your convenience, a partial list is given below.

REPLACEMENT ROTOR PARTS

| JA-10 rotor assembly with magnets (rotors manufactured | |
|--|--------|
| Jan. 2002 and later; <i>cannot</i> be used in J2/J6 series) | 369687 |
| JA-10 rotor assembly (rotors manufactured through Dec. 2001) | 334833 |
| Lid assembly | 392122 |
| Lid O-ring (large) | 870139 |
| Rotor O-ring (small) | 811656 |
| Tie-down kit | 364911 |

OTHER

| Tubes, bottles, and accessories see Table 1 |
|---|
| Spinkote lubricant (2 oz) |
| Silicone vacuum grease (1 oz) 335148 |
| Rotor Cleaning Kit 339558 |
| Beckman Solution 555 (1 qt) 339555 |
| Rotor cleaning brush |
| Rotor removal tool |

JA-10 Fixed Angle Rotor

J SERIES ROTOR WARRANTY

Subject to the conditions specified below and the warranty clause of the Beckman Coulter, Inc., terms and conditions of sale in effect at the time of sale, Beckman Coulter, Inc. agrees to correct either by repair, or, at its election, by replacement, any defects of material or workmanship which develop within seven (7) years after delivery of a J series rotor to the original buyer by Beckman Coulter, Inc. or by an authorized representative, provided that investigation and factory inspection by Beckman Coulter, Inc. discloses that such defect developed under normal and proper use. Should a Beckman Coulter centrifuge be damaged due to a failure of a rotor covered by this warranty, Beckman Coulter will supply free of charge all centrifuge parts required for repair.

REPLACEMENT

Any product claimed to be defective must, if requested by Beckman Coulter, Inc., be returned to the factory, transportation charges prepaid, and will be returned to Buyer with the transportation charges collect unless the product is found to be defective, in which case Beckman Coulter, Inc. will pay all transportation charges.

A defective rotor will be replaced by Beckman Coulter, Inc. at its then current list price less a credit based upon the age of the rotor (years since date of purchase). The Buyer shall not receive credit until the claimed defective rotor is returned to Beckman Coulter's Indianapolis, Indiana facility or delivered to a Beckman Field Service representative.

The replacement price (cost to Buyer) for the respective rotor shall be calculated as follows:

Replacement price = Current rotor list price $\times \frac{\text{years}}{7}$

CONDITIONS

- 1. Except as otherwise specifically provided herein, this warranty covers the rotor only and Beckman Coulter, Inc. shall not be liable for damage to accessories or ancillary supplies including but not limited to (i) tubes, (ii) tube caps, (iii) tube adapters, or (iv) tube contents.
- 2. This warranty is void if the rotor has been subjected to customer misuse such as operation or maintenance contrary to the instructions in the Beckman Coulter rotor or centrifuge manual.
- This warranty is void if the rotor is operated with a rotor drive unit or in a centrifuge unmatched to the rotor characteristics, or is operated in a Beckman Coulter centrifuge that has been improperly disassembled, repaired, or modified.

DISCLAIMER

IT IS EXPRESSLY AGREED THAT THE ABOVE WAR-RANTY SHALL BE IN LIEU OF ALL WARRANTIES OF FITNESS AND OF THE WARRANTY OF MERCHANT-ABILITY AND THAT BECKMAN COULTER, INC. SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY FOR SPECIAL OR CON-SEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OF ANY KIND WHATSO-EVER ARISING OUT OF THE MANUFACTURE, USE, SALE, HANDLING, REPAIR, MAINTENANCE, OR REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.



Beckman Coulter, Inc. • 250 S. Kraemer Blvd. • Brea, California 92821 U.S.A. Sales and Service: 1-800-742-2345 • Internet: www.beckmancoulter.com • Printed in U.S.A.

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Instructions For Use

JA-25.50 Fixed-Angle Rotor

For Use in Beckman Coulter J2 and Avanti J Series Centrifuges



PN J-TB-056FE February 2018



Beckman Coulter, Inc. 250 S. Kraemer Blvd. Brea, CA 92821 U.S.A.



JA-25.50 Fixed-Angle Rotor

PN J-TB-056FE (February 2018)

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Contact Us

If you have any questions, contact our Customer Support Center.

- Worldwide, find us via our website at www.beckmancoulter.com/customersupport/support.
- In the USA and Canada, call us at 1-800-369-0333.
- Outside of the USA and Canada, contact your local Beckman Coulter Representative.

EC REP

Beckman Coulter Eurocenter S.A. 22, rue Juste-Olivier Case Postale 1044 CH - 1260 Nyon 1, Switzerland Tel: +41 (0) 22 365 36 11

Original Instructions

Revision History

When a subsequent version affects the information in this document, a new issue will be released to the Beckman Coulter website. For updates, go to techdocs.beckmancoulter.com and download the latest version of the manual or system help for your instrument.

Issue FE, 2/18

Changes or additions were made to: Specifications.

Note: Changes that are part of the most recent revision are indicated in text by a bar in the margin of the amended page.

Revision History

Safety Notice

Read all product manuals and consult with Beckman Coulter-trained personnel before attempting to use this equipment. Do not attempt to perform any procedure before carefully reading all instructions. Always follow product labeling and manufacturer's recommendations. If in doubt as to how to proceed in any situation, contact your Beckman Coulter Representative.

Alerts for Warning, Caution, Important, and Note

MARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

🕂 CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

- **IMPORTANT** IMPORTANT is used for comments that add value to the step or procedure being performed. Following the advice in the Important adds benefit to the performance of a piece of equipment or to a process.
- **NOTE** NOTE is used to call attention to notable information that should be followed during installation, use, or servicing of this equipment.

Safety Information for the JA-25.50 Rotor

This rotor was developed, manufactured, and tested for safety and reliability as part of a Beckman Coulter centrifuge/rotor system. Its safety or reliability cannot be assured if used in a centrifuge not of Beckman Coulter's manufacture or in a Beckman Coulter centrifuge that has been modified without Beckman Coulter's approval.

Handle body fluids with care because they can transmit disease. No known test offers complete assurance that such fluids are free of micro-organisms. Some of the most virulent—Hepatitis (B and C) viruses, HIV (I–V), atypical mycobacteria, and certain systemic fungi—further emphasize the need for aerosol protection. Handle other infectious samples according to good laboratory procedures and methods to prevent spread of disease. Because spills may generate aerosols, observe proper safety precautions for aerosol containment. Do not run toxic, pathogenic, or radioactive materials in this rotor without taking appropriate safety precautions. Biosafe containment should be used when Risk Group II materials (as identified in the World Health Organization *Laboratory Biosafety Manual*) are handled; materials of a higher group require more than one level of protection.

The rotor and accessories are not designed for use with materials capable of developing flammable or explosive vapors. Do not centrifuge such materials in nor handle or store them near the centrifuge.

Although rotor components and accessories made by other manufacturers may fit in the JA-25.50 rotor, their safety in this rotor cannot be ascertained by Beckman Coulter. Use of other manufacturers' components or accessories in the JA-25.50 rotor may void the rotor warranty and should be prohibited by your laboratory safety officer. Only the components and accessories listed in this publication should be used in this rotor.

Do not run an empty rotor. Place filled tubes in at least two opposing cavities. Make sure that filled containers are loaded symmetrically into the rotor and that opposing tubes are filled to the same level with liquid of the same density.

If disassembly reveals evidence of leakage, you should assume that some fluid escaped the rotor. Apply appropriate decontamination procedures to the centrifuge and accessories.

Never exceed the maximum rated speed of the rotor and labware in use. Refer to the section on *Run Speeds*, and derate the run speed as appropriate.

Do not use sharp tools on the rotor that could cause scratches in the rotor surface. Corrosion begins in scratches and may open fissures in the rotor with continued use.

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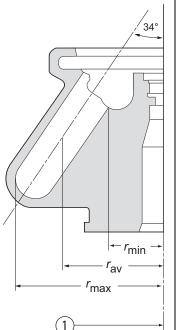
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JA-25.50 Fixed-Angle Rotor

Specifications



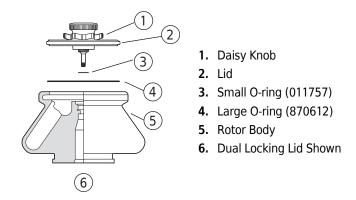
1. Axis of Rotation

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| | | Rotor material aluminum |
| instruments 25.5 | | |
| | | instruments |

a. Discontinued Avanti J-25I and Avanti J-25, 50-Hz models: at 4°C (at 24°C ambient) – 24,000 RPM (69,700 × g) at 7°C (at 24°C ambient) – 25,000 RPM (75,600 × g). In Avanti JXN-26, J-26S XP series, J-26 XP series, and discontinued J-20 XP series, at speeds above 20,000, the minimum temperatrue set point will be above 4°C. In Avanti JXN-26, J-26S XP series, J-26 XP series, J-26 XP series, and discontinued J-20 XP series, 50Hz models: at 10°C (at 24°C ambient) - 22,000 RPM (58,544 × g) at 13°C (at 24°C ambient) - 25,000 RPM (75,600 × g). NOTE: at ambient temperatures above 24°C, the temperatures listed above may not be achievable.

- b. The critical speed range is the range of speeds over which the rotor shifts so as to rotate about its center of mass. Passing through the critical speed range is characterized by some vibration.
- c. Relative Centrifugal Field (RCF) is the ratio of the centrifugal acceleration at a specified radius and speed ($r\omega^2$) to the standard acceleration of gravity (*g*) according to the following formula: RCF = $r\omega^2/g$ where *r* is the radius in millimeters, ω is the angular velocity in radians per second (2 π RPM /60), and *g* is the standard acceleration of gravity (9807 mm/s²). After substitution: RCF = 1.12r (RPM/1000)²

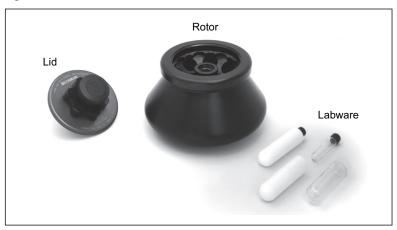
Description



Beckman Coulter JA-25.50 rotors are manufactured in a facility that maintains certifications to both ISO 9001:2008 and ISO 13485:2003. They are for use with the specified Beckman Coulter centrifuges.

The JA-25.50 fixed-angle rotor is designed to hold up to eight 50-mL tubes at a 34-degree angle (see Figure 1). Used in Beckman Coulter Avanti J and J2 series centrifuges, the JA-25.50 rotor develops centrifugal forces that can efficiently pellet cells from large volumes, or cell particles from tissue homogenates. Short column methods (i.e., partially filled tubes) may also be used to purify large quantities of virus in a cushion gradient.

Figure 1 The JA-25.50 Fixed-Angle Rotor*



^{*} The dual-llocking lid is shown,.

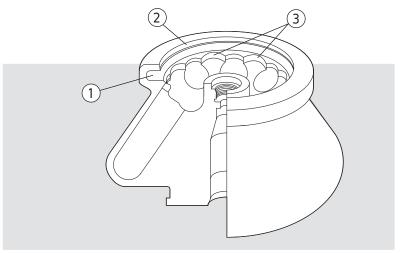
The dual-locking lid assembly allows the rotor to be loaded into and removed from the centrifuge with the lid attached. The rotor may be placed under a safety hood before the lid is attached or removed. The rotor is also available with a single-locking lid assembly. The rotor has been tested^{*} with both lid configurations to demonstrate containment of microbiological aerosols under normal conditions of the associated Beckman Coulter centrifuge when used and maintained as instructed.

The JA-25.50 rotor has a patented fluid-containment annulus, located below the O-ring sealing surface (see Figure 2). If tubes are overfilled or if leakage occurs during centrifugation, the annulus holds enough volume that all of the liquid is kept inside the rotor — even if all eight tubes leak at the same time. This feature virtually eliminates the escape of liquid into the centrifuge chamber. Finger-grip grooves in the area around and between each tube cavity (see Figure 2) provide extra room for fingers as tubes are loaded and unloaded.

The rotor and lid are made of anodized aluminum. Two O-rings made of Buna N rubber, both located in the rotor lid, help to maintain atmospheric pressure inside the rotor during centrifugation when they are properly lubricated. Vertical pins in the rotor drive hole mate with the centrifuge drive hub to prevent the rotor from slipping during acceleration and deceleration.

See the Warranty at the back of this manual for warranty information.

Figure 2 Fluid-Containment Annulus and Finger-Grip Grooves



- 1. Fluid Containment Annulus
- 2. O-ring Sealing Surface
- **3.** Finger-Grip Grooves

^{*} Validation of microbiological containment was done at an independent third-party testing facility (CAMR, Porton Down, UK, or USAMRIID, Ft. Detrick, MD, U.S.A.). Improper use or maintenance may affect seal integrity and thus containment.

Preparation and Use

Specific information about the JA-25.50 rotor is given here. Use the Rotors and Tubes for Beckman Coulter J Series Centrifuges *manual (publication JR-IM)* and the centrifuge instruction manual along with this manual for complete rotor and accessory operation.

NOTE Although rotor components and accessories made by other manufacturers may fit in the JA-25.50 rotor, their safety in this rotor cannot be ascertained by Beckman Coulter. Use of other manufacturers' components or accessories in the JA-25.50 rotor may void the rotor warranty and should be prohibited by your laboratory safety officer. Only the components and accessories listed in this publication should be used in this rotor.

Prerun Safety Checks

Read the Safety Notice section at the front of this manual before using the rotor.

- 1 Make sure that the rotor, lid, and all tubes or bottles and accessories are clean and show no signs of corrosion or cracking.
- **2** Verify that the bottles or tubes being used are listed in Table 3.
- **3** Refer to *Chemical Resistances* (publication IN-175), included in the *Rotors and Tubes* CDs for the chemical compatibilities of all materials used.

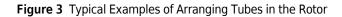
Rotor Preparation

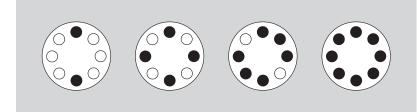
For runs at other than room temperature refrigerate or warm the rotor beforehand for fast equilibration.

1 Be sure that metal threads in the rotor are clean and lightly but evenly lubricated with Spinkote lubricant (306812).

Also ensure that O-rings are lightly but evenly coated with silicone vacuum grease (335148).

- **2** Load the filled containers symmetrically into the rotor.
 - (Refer to *Tubes and Bottles* on page 10 for information about containers.)
 - If fewer than eight tubes are being run they must be arranged symmetrically in the rotor (see Figure 3).
 - Opposing tubes must be filled to the same level with liquid of the same density.





NOTE Two, four, six, or eight tubes can be centrifuged per run if they are arranged in the rotor as shown.

NOTE Do not run an empty rotor. Place filled tubes in at least two opposing cavities.

Operation

Precool the rotor in the centrifuge or in a refrigerator before use—especially before short runs—to ensure that the rotor reaches the set temperature.

A suggested precooling cycle is a minimum of 30 minutes at 2000 RPM at the required temperature.

2 If fluid containment is required, use capped tubes or bottles.

It is strongly recommended that all containers carrying physiological fluids be capped to prevent leakage.

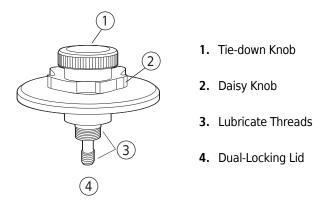
- **3** If you are using an Avanti J series centrifuge, select the JA-25.50 rotor.
- **4** If you are using a microprocessor-controlled J2 series centrifuge, enter rotor code **25.5**. Refer to your centrifuge instruction manual for additional information.
- ${f 5}$ For additional operating information, see the following:
 - *Run Times*, page 12, for using *k* factors to adjust run durations.
 - *Run Speeds*, page 13, for information about speed limitations.

Installing the Rotor

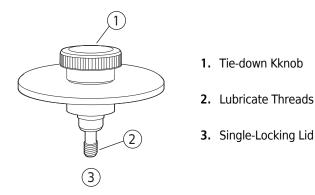
1 To prevent the rotor from sticking to the centrifuge drive hub, apply a thin coat of Spinkote lubricant to the rotor drive pins and to the lid knob threads

- **2** Lightly coat the large and small lid O-rings with silicone vacuum grease.
- 3 Dual-locking lid only. Place filled tubes into the rotor, then place the lid on the rotor and turn the daisy knob to the right (clockwise) until secure.
 Do not overtighten.
- **4** Carefully lower the rotor straight down onto the centrifuge drive spindle hub. *Do not drop the rotor onto the spindle hub.*
- **5** Slowly turn the rotor around the drive spindle to make sure that it is properly seated.
- **6** Secure the rotor to the centrifuge drive spindle as follows:
 - **a.** *Dual-locking lid*: press the lid knob down and turn it to the right (clockwise) until secure, no more than two full turns.

Do not overtighten



b. *Single-locking lid*: place filled tubes into the rotor, then place the lid on the rotor.Press the lid knob down and turn it to the right (clockwise) until secure.Do not overtighten.



If the rotor is left in the centrifuge between runs, make sure that the rotor is seated on the drive hub and that the tie-down knob is tight before each run.

Temperature

To ensure that the JA-25.50 rotor reaches the required temperature during the run, follow the appropriate instructions below for the model of J centrifuge being used.

Avanti J Series Centrifuges

Enter the run temperature according to the instructions in your centrifuge instruction manual. No additional input is required.

J2 Series Centrifuges

Enter the required run temperature *and* the appropriate temperature compensation units (see Table 1 and Table 2) on the centrifuge control panel as follows.

| Rotor | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|-----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Speed (RPM) | -20 | -10 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 20 | 40 |
| 21,000 | N ^b | Ν | -7 | -5 | -6 | -5 | -9 |
| 18,000 | Ν | -5 | -5 | -5 | -5 | -4 | -7 |
| 15,000 | 0 | -2 | -3 | -3 | -2 | -2 | -6 |
| 10,000 | 0 | 0 | -1 | 0 | -1 | 0 | -3 |

Table 1 Temperature Compensation Settings for Analog- and Microprocessor-Controlled Centrifuges a

a. (Models J2-HS, J2-MI, and J2-MC). Interpolate if intermediate values are required.

b. An "N" indicates that the rotor cannot achieve the required temperature at this speed.

| Table 2 | Temperature | Compensation | Settings for | r the Model | J2-HC Analog | Centrifuge. a |
|---------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
|---------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|

| Rotor | Required Sample Temperature (°C) | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------------------------------|-----|----|----|----|----|----|--|--|
| Speed (RPM) | -20 | -10 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 20 | 40 | | |
| 18,000 | Nb | -8 | -6 | -6 | -6 | -6 | -5 | | |
| 15,000 | -7 | -6 | -5 | -5 | -5 | -4 | -4 | | |
| 10,000 | -5 | -3 | -2 | -3 | -4 | -3 | -2 | | |

a. Interpolate if intermediate values are required

b. An "N" indicates that the rotor cannot achieve the required temperature at this speed.

Analog J2 Series Centrifuges (Models J2-HS and J2-HC)

- **1** Turn the **SET** knob on the centrifuge control panel to the required sample temperature.
- 2 Find the compensation value in Table 1 for Models J2-HS or Table 2 for Model J2-HC that corresponds to the required temperature and run speed. Set the COMP dial to that setting. (Interpolate if intermediate values are required.)

NOTE Temperature settings for J-21 and J2-21 series centrifuges must be empirically determined.

Microprocessor-Controlled J2 Series Centrifuges (Models J2-MI and J2-MC)

- **1** Press the **TEMP** key on the centrifuge control panel and then use the keypad to enter the sample temperature.
- **2** Find the compensation value in Table 1 that corresponds with the set temperature and run speed.

3 Press COMP ADJ.

The word "**COMP**" flashes below the TEMPERATURE display and the display flashes.

- Use the keypad to enter the required compensation value.Press the ±. key to enter a minus sign; pressing it again will remove the minus sign.
- **5** Check the temperature display. (If the entry is incorrect, press **ce** and reenter the digits.)
- **6** When the entry is correct, press **ENTER/RECALL**.

NOTE To clear a COMP ADJ entry, press COMP ADJ, 0, and ENTER/RECALL.

Run Procedure

When the rotor is properly loaded and installed in the centrifuge, you are ready to perform the run. Refer to the applicable centrifuge instruction manual for operating instructions.

Operator error or tube failure may generate aerosols. Toxic, pathogenic, or other hazardous materials must not be run in this rotor unless all appropriate safety precautions are taken. Also see the Safety Notice at the beginning of this manual.

Make sure that the rotor is properly seated on and securely fastened to the drive hub before each run.

Removal and Sample Recovery

A CAUTION

If disassembly reveals evidence of leakage, you should assume that some fluid escaped the rotor. Apply all appropriate safety and decontamination procedures to the centrifuge and accessories.

Dual-Locking Lid

1 Place one hand on the rotor to keep it from turning.

Grasp the round lid knob with your other hand and turn the knob to the left (counterclockwise) until the stem disengages from the drive hub threads.



- **2** Hold the knob or place your hands on the rotor and lift the rotor straight up off the drive hub.
- **3** Place the rotor on a counter or bench top under a safety hood.
- **4** Grasp the daisy knob and turn it to the left (counterclockwise) until it disengages.
- **5** Remove the lid and set it aside.

Single-Locking Lid

1 Unscrew the lid knob.



- **2** Remove the lid and set it aside.
- **3** Lift the rotor straight up off the drive hub to avoid bending or damaging the hub.

Tubes and Bottles

The JA-25.50 rotor uses the tubes and bottles listed in Table 3. Be sure to use only those items listed, and to observe the maximum speed limits and fill volumes shown. (Maximum fill volume is the maximum amount that can be centrifuged in the container listed.)

Refer to *Chemical Resistances* (publication IN-175) for information on the chemical compatibilities of tube and accessory materials.



Temperature Limits

- Plastic tubes and bottles have been centrifuge tested for use at temperatures between 2 and 25°C. For centrifugation at other temperatures, pretest tubes under anticipated run conditions.
- If plastic containers are frozen before use, make sure that they are thawed to at least 2°C prior to centrifugation.



Thickwall Tubes

Thickwall polypropylene, and polycarbonate tubes can be run partially filled (at least half filled) with or without caps, but all opposing tubes for a run must be filled to the same level with liquid of the same density. Do not overfill capless tubes..

| Tube or Bottle | | | Requ | iired Accessory | | Max |
|--------------------------|--|----------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|
| Dimensions and Volume | Description | Part Number | Max. Fill Volume (mL) | Description | Part Number | Speed ^b /RCF / <i>k</i> factor |
| 24 × 104 mm 50 mL | polycarbonate bottle assy w/cap | 361693 | 40 | none | _ | 25,000 RPM 75,600 × g 418 |
| 29×104 mm 50 mL | polypropylene bottle assy w/cap | 361694 | 40 | none | _ | 25,000 RPM 75,600 × g 418 |
| 29 × 104 mm 50 mL | polycarbonate bottle, screw-cap | 357002 | 40 | none | — | 25,000 RPM 75,600 × g 418 |
| 29 × 104 mm 50 mL | polypropylene bottle, screw-cap | 357003 | 40 | none | — | 25,000 RPM 75,600 × g 418 |
| 29 × 104 mm 50 mL | polycarbonate thickwall tube, snap-on cap | 363664 | 36.5 | natural 29-mm cap red 29-mm cap green 29-mm cap yellow 29-mm cap blue 29-mm cap | 356264 ^c 357359 ^c 357360 ^c 357361 ^c 357362 ^c | 20,000 RPM 48,400 × g 653 |
| 9 × 104 mm 50 mL | polypropylene thickwall tube, ^d snap-on cap | 357005 | 36.5 | natural 29-mm cap red 29-mm cap green 29-mm cap yellow 29-mm cap blue 29-mm cap | 356264 ^c 357359 ^c 357360 ^c 357361 ^c 357362 ^c | 20,000 RPM 48,400 × g 653 |
| 29 × 104 mm 50 mL | polycarbonate thickwall tube, no cap | 363647 | 35 | none | — | 25,000 RPM 75,600 × g 418 |
| 29 × 104 mm 50 mL | polypropylene thickwall tube, no cap | 357007 | 35 | none | _ | 25,000 RPM 75,600 × g 418 |
| 16 × 80 mm 10 mL | polycarbonate bottle, screw-cap | 355672 | 10 | adapter | 361703 ^e | 25,000 RPM 63,240 × g 350 |
| 9.5 × 38 mm 1.5 mL | polypropylene tube | 357448 | 1.3 | adapter | 361705 ^e | 25,000 RPM 50,960 × g 182 |

Table 3 Available Tubes and Bottles for the JA-25.50 Rotor^a

Table 3 Available Tubes and Bottles for the JA-25.50 Rotor^a (Continued)

| | Tube or Bottle | | | ired Accessory | | Max |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---|
| Dimensions and Volume | Description | Part Number | Max. Fill Volume (mL) | Description | Part Number | Speed ^b /RCF / <i>k</i> factor |
| 9.5 × 38 mm 1.5 mL | polypropylene tube | 356090 | 1.3 | adapter | 361705 ^e | 25,000 RPM 50,960 × <i>g</i> 182 |
| 25 × 105 mm | glass tube ^f | f | f | adapter | 870331 | f |

a. Use only the items listed here and observe fill volumes and maximum run speeds.

b. Maximum speeds listed are guidelines only. These speeds have been achieved in reliability tests at Beckman Coulter, but because of manufacturing variances no guarantee of performance or fit is expressed or implied.

c. Polyethylene, package of 25.

d. Above 20°C fill polypropylene tubes at least half full. Containers may be filled less than or equal to the maximum fill volumes provided in this table.

- e. Polyetherimide (PEI); package of 2.
- f. Commercially available. Observe manufacturer's speed and fill volume guidelines.



Polycarbonate and Polypropylene Bottles

Capped polycarbonate and polypropylene bottles may be centrifuged completely filled, or partially filled (not less than half full). Containers placed in opposing positions in the rotor must be filled to the same level.

Run Times

To pellet particles of known sedimentation coefficient *s*, calculate the run time *t* using the *k* factor (395) of the rotor.^{*} Time is in hours and *s* is in Svedberg units.

$$t = \frac{k}{s} \left(\frac{25\,000}{\text{actual run speed}}\right)^2$$
 EQ 1

For example, at 25,000 RPM, mammalian viruses (s = 700 S) can be pelleted in

t =
$$\frac{395}{700} \left(\frac{25\ 000}{25\ 000}\right)^2 \approx 30$$
 minutes.

^{*} Based on sedimentation in water at 20°C. Assumes full tubes.

Run Speeds

The centrifugal force at a given radius in a rotor is a function of run speed. Comparisons of forces between different rotors are made by comparing the rotors' relative centrifugal fields (RCF). When rotational speed is selected so that identical samples are subjected to the same RCF in two different rotors, the samples are subjected to the same force (see Table 4).

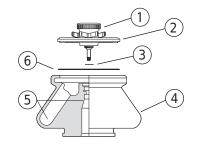
Do not select rotational speeds higher than the maximums you have determined to be appropriate for your protocols (in no case above 25,000 RPM). When solutions more dense than 1.2 g/mL are centrifuged in this rotor, use EQ 3 to calculate the reduced maximum allowable rotor speed.

reduced maximum speed = (25,000 RPM) $\sqrt{\frac{1.2 \text{ g/mL}}{\text{density of tube contents}}}$

EQ 3

Care and Maintenance

Maintenance



- 1. Daisy Knob
- 2. Lid
- 3. Small O-ring (011757)
- 4. Rotor Body
- 5. Check for Corrosion
- 6. Large O-ring (870612)
- **NOTE** Do not use sharp tools on the rotor that could cause scratches in the rotor surface. Corrosion begins in scratches and may open fissures in the rotor with continued use.
- **1** Periodically (at least monthly) inspect the rotor, especially inside cavities, for rough spots or pitting, white powder deposits (frequently aluminum oxide), or heavy discoloration.

If any of these signs are evident, do not run the rotor.

Contact your Beckman Coulter representative for information about the Field Rotor Inspection Program and the rotor repair center.

2 Before using the rotor, inspect the rotor drive pins to ensure that they are not damaged.

Damaged drive pins can prevent the rotor from seating properly on the centrifuge drive hub (Avanti J series centrifuges only).

To inspect the drive pins, turn the rotor upside down and look into the drive hole in the center of the rotor.

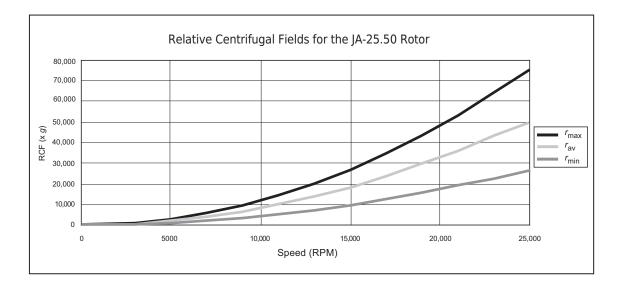
If the drive pins appear damaged, contact Beckman Coulter Field Service.^{*}

^{*} In the United States call 1-800-742-3485; outside the U.S. contact your local Beckman Coulter office or visit us on the web at www.beckmancoulter.com

| | Relative Centrifugal Field ($	imes$ g) | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Rotor Speed (RPM) | At r _{max} (108 mm) | At r _{av} (73.2mm) | At r _{min} (38.5 mm) | | | |
| 25,000 | 75,600 | 51,200 | 27,000 | | | |
| 23,000 | 64,000 | 43,400 | 22,800 | | | |
| 21,000 | 53,300 | 36,200 | 19,000 | | | |
| 19,000 | 43,700 | 29,600 | 15,600 | | | |
| 17,000 | 35,000 | 23,700 | 12,500 | | | |
| 15,000 | 27,200 | 18,500 | 9700 | | | |
| 13,000 | 20,400 | 13,900 | 7300 | | | |
| 11,000 | 14,600 | 9900 | 5700 | | | |
| 9000 | 9800 | 6640 | 3490 | | | |
| 7000 | 5930 | 4020 | 2110 | | | |
| 5000 | 3020 | 2050 | 1080 | | | |
| 3000 | 1090 | 737 | 388 | | | |
| 1000 | 121 | 82 | 43 | | | |

 Table 4
 Relative Centrifugal Fields for the JA-25.50 Rotor^a

a. Entries in this table are calculated from the formula RCF = $1.12r (RPM/1000)^2$ and then rounded to three significant digits.



- **3** Regularly lubricate the metal threads in the rotor with a thin, even coat of Spinkote lubricant. Failure to keep these threads lubricated can result in damaged threads.
- **4** Regularly apply silicone vacuum grease to the O-rings. Replace O-rings about twice a year or whenever worn or damaged.
- **5** Refer to *Chemical Resistances* (publication IN-175) for the chemical compatibilities of rotor and accessory materials.

Your Beckman Coulter representative provides contact with the Field Rotor Inspection Program and the rotor repair center.

Cleaning

Wash the rotor and rotor components immediately if salts or other corrosive materials are used or if spillage has occurred. Do not allow corrosive materials to dry on the rotor.

Under normal use, wash the rotor frequently (at least weekly) to prevent buildup of residues.

- **1** Remove the O-rings before washing.
- **2** Wash the rotor and lid in a mild detergent, such as Solution 555 (339555), that won't damage the rotor.

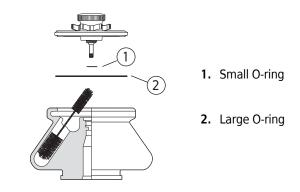
Dilute the detergent with water (10 parts water to 1 part detergent).

The Rotor Cleaning Kit contains two plastic-coated brushes and two quarts of Solution 555 (339555) for use with rotors and accessories.

NOTE Do not wash rotor components in a dishwasher. Do not soak in detergent solution for long periods, such as overnight.

- **3** Thoroughly rinse the cleaned rotor and components with distilled water.
- **4** Air-dry the rotor and lid upside down. *Do not use acetone to dry the rotor.*

5 Apply a thin, even coat of silicone vacuum grease to both lid O-rings before replacing them in the lid.



- 6 Clean metal threads every 6 months, or as necessary.Use a brush and concentrated Solution 555.Rinse and dry thoroughly, then lubricate lightly but evenly with Spinkote to coat all threads.
- **7** Periodically remove the O-rings and wipe clean as necessary.
 - **a.** Clean the O-ring grooves with a cotton-tipped swab.
 - **b.** Reapply a light film of silicone vacuum grease.

Decontamination



If the rotor (and/or accessories) becomes contaminated with radioactive material, it should be decontaminated using a solution that will not damage the anodized surfaces. Beckman Coulter has tested a number of solutions and found two that do not harm anodized aluminum: RadCon Surface Spray or IsoClean Solution (for soaking),^{*} and Radiacwash.[†]

NOTE IsoClean can cause fading of colored anodized surfaces. Use it only when necessary and remove it promptly from surfaces.

^{*} In U.S., contact Nuclear Associates (New York); in Eastern Europe and Commonweath States, contact Victoreen GmbH (Munich); in South Pacific, contact Gammasonics Pty. Ltd. (Australia); in Japan, contact Toyo Medic Co. Ltd. (Tokyo).

[†] In U.S., contact Biodex Medical Systems (Shirley, New York); internationally, contact the U.S. office to find the dealer closest to you.

While Beckman Coulter has tested these methods and found that they do not damage components, no guarantee of decontamination is expressed or implied. Consult your laboratory safety officer regarding the proper decontamination methods to use.

If the rotor or other components are contaminated with toxic or pathogenic materials, follow appropriate decontamination procedures as outlined by your laboratory safety officer.

Sterilization and Disinfection

- The rotor and all rotor components can be autoclaved at 121°C for up to an hour. Remove the lid from the rotor and place the rotor, lid, and spacers in the autoclave upside down.
- Ethanol (70%) or hydrogen peroxide (6%) may be used on all rotor components, including those made of plastic. Bleach (sodium hypochlorite) may be used, but may cause discoloration of anodized surfaces. Use the minimum immersion time for each solution, per laboratory standards.

🕂 CAUTION

Ethanol is a flammability hazard. Do not use it in or near operating centrifuges.

While Beckman Coulter has tested these methods and found that they do not damage the rotor or components, no guarantee of sterility or disinfection is expressed or implied. When sterilization or disinfection is a concern, consult your laboratory safety officer regarding proper methods to use.

Refer to publication IN-192 (included with each box of tubes) for tube sterilization and disinfection procedures.

Storage

121°C

When it is not in use, store the rotor in a dry environment (not in the instrument) with the lid removed to allow air circulation so moisture will not collect in the tube cavities.

Returning a Rotor

Before returning a rotor or accessory for any reason, prior permission must be obtained from Beckman Coulter, Inc. A return form may be obtained from your local Beckman Coulter sales office. The form should contain the following information:

- rotor type and serial number,
- history of use (approximate frequency of use),
- reason for the return,
- original purchase order number, billing number, and shipping number, if possible,
- name and email address of the person to be notified upon receipt of the rotor or accessory at the factory,
- name and email address of the person to be notified about repair costs, etc.

To protect our personnel, it is the customer's responsibility to ensure that all parts are free from pathogens and/or radioactivity. Sterilization and decontamination must be done before returning the parts. Smaller items (such as tubes, bottles, etc.) should be enclosed in a sealed plastic bag.

All parts must be accompanied by a note, plainly visible on the outside of the box or bag, stating that they are safe to handle and that they are not contaminated with pathogens or radioactivity. **Failure to attach this notification will result in return or disposal of the items without review of the reported problem**.

Use the address label printed on the return form when mailing the rotor and/or accessories.

Customers located outside the United States should contact their local Beckman Coulter office.

Supply List

NOTE Publications referenced in this manual can be obtained at www.beckmancoulter.com, by calling Beckman Coulter at 1-800-742-2345 in the United States, or by contacting your local Beckman Coulter office.

See the *High Performance, High Speed, High Capacity Rotors, Tubes & Accessories* catalog (BR-8102) for detailed information on ordering parts and supplies. For your convenience, a partial list is given below.

Replacement Rotor Parts

| Description | Part Number |
|------------------------------------|-------------|
| Rotor assembly, dual-locking lid | 363058 |
| Rotor assembly, single-locking lid | 363055 |
| Large O-ring for lid | 870612 |
| Small O-ring for lid | 011757 |
| Lid assembly, dual locking | 363023 |
| Lid assembly, single locking | 363053 |

Supplies

NOTE For MSDS information, go to the Beckman Coulter website at www.beckmancoulter.com.

| Description | Part Number |
|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Tubes, bottles, and adapters | see Table 3 |
| Rotor Cleaning Kit | 339558 |
| Silicone vacuum grease (1 oz) | 335148 |
| Solution 555 (1 qt) | 339555 |
| Spinkote lubricant (2 oz) | 306812 |

JA-25.50 Fixed-Angle Rotor Supply List

Beckman Coulter, Inc. J Series Rotor Warranty

Subject to the conditions specified below and the warranty clause of the Beckman Coulter, Inc., terms and conditions of sale in effect at the time of sale, Beckman Coulter, Inc. agrees to correct either by repair, or, at its election, by replacement, any defects of material or workmanship which develop within seven (7) years after delivery of a J series rotor to the original buyer by Beckman Coulter, Inc. or by an authorized representative, provided that investigation and factory inspection by Beckman Coulter, Inc. discloses that such defect developed under normal and proper use. Should a Beckman Coulter centrifuge be damaged due to a failure of a rotor covered by this warranty, Beckman Coulter will supply free of charge all centrifuge parts required for repair.

Replacement

Any product claimed to be defective must, if requested by Beckman Coulter, Inc., be returned to the factory, transportation charges prepaid, and will be returned to Buyer with the transportation charges collect unless the product is found to be defective, in which case Beckman Coulter, Inc. will pay all transportation charges.

A defective rotor will be replaced by Beckman Coulter, Inc. at its then current list price less a credit based upon the age of the rotor (years since date of purchase). The Buyer shall not receive credit until the claimed defective rotor is returned to Beckman Coulter's Indianapolis, Indiana facility or delivered to a Beckman Field Service representative.

The replacement price (cost to Buyer) for the respective rotor shall be calculated as follows:

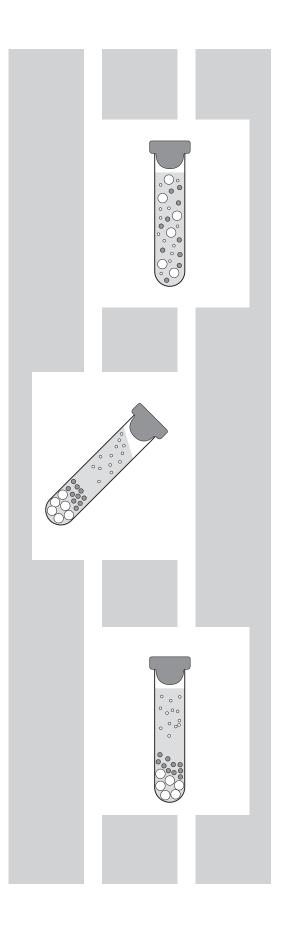
Replacement price = Current rotor list price $\times \frac{\text{years}}{7}$

Conditions

- 1. Except as otherwise specifically provided herein, this warranty covers the rotor only and Beckman Coulter, Inc. shall not be liable for damage to accessories or ancillary supplies including but not limited to (i) tubes, (ii) tube caps, (iii) tube adapters, or (iv) tube contents.
- **2.** This warranty is void if the rotor has been subjected to customer misuse such as operation or maintenance contrary to the instructions in the Beckman Coulter rotor or centrifuge manual.
- **3.** This warranty is void if the rotor is operated with a rotor drive unit or in a centrifuge unmatched to the rotor characteristics, or is operated in a Beckman Coulter centrifuge that has been improperly disassembled, repaired, or modified.

Disclaimer

IT IS EXPRESSLY AGREED THAT THE ABOVE WARRANTY SHALL BE IN LIEU OF ALL WARRANTIES OF FITNESS AND OF THE WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY AND THAT BECKMAN COULTER, INC. SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY FOR SPECIAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OF ANY KIND WHATSOEVER ARISING OUT OF THE MANUFACTURE, USE, SALE, HANDLING, REPAIR, MAINTENANCE, OR REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT. Beckman Coulter, Inc. J Series Rotor Warranty



Related Documents

Rotors and Tubes for Beckman Coulter J2, J6,and Avanti J Series Centrifuges PN JR-IM-10

- Rotors
- Tubes, Bottles, and Accessories
- Using Tubes and Accessories
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